



Fig. 1. Model SX-99

SECTION 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Your new Hallicrafters Model SX-99 is a precision built, highly sensitive, communications receiver providing complete coverage in the frequency range of 538 kilocycles to 34 megacycles. Eight tubes, including one rectifier, are employed in the latest superheterodyne circuit and provision is made for the reception of AM or CW signals over the entire tuning range.

For ease and flexibility of operation two large circular dials are provided. One provides the general frequency coverage and the electrical BANDSPREAD control provides a vernier tuning adjustment throughout the entire tuning range of the receiver. The bandspread dial is specifically calibrated for the 80, 40, 20, 15 and 10 meter bands.

For the ultimate in selectivity a variable crystal filter system and crystal phasing control can be peak adjusted to receive those "hard to get signals". In addition an automatic noise limiter circuit can be switched into operation. This combination provides the means of receiving many signals that would be lost in background noise with ordinary receiving equipment.

A new smartly styled "S" meter provides a professional aid for accurate tuning and a means of determining the relative strength of received signals.

Other special features include full range tone control, sensitivity control with provision for the optional use of AVC, a receive - standby switch that permits silencing the receiver while maintaining it ready for instant use without waiting for the tubes to warm up, output connections to match either an external speaker or 500 ohm line and a headphone jack mounted on the front panel. To permit adjustment for optimum performance with a variety of antenna systems a special antenna trimmer control has been included on the front panel.

IMPORTANT

Your careful attention is especially invited to the installation and operating instructions. They have been provided to insure the satisfaction you have a right to expect from any Hallicrafters "Precision Built" product. Your receiver has an unusually high degree of sensitivity necessary to receive weak and distant stations. Careless operation of a high sensitivity receiver may result in excess noise or background hiss. These undesirable effects can be held to a minimum by careful adjustment of the sensitivity, tuning, and tone controls as well as the proper selection and arrangement of the antenna.

SECTION 2. INSTALLATION

2-1. UNPACKING

After unpacking the receiver, examine it closely for damage which may have occured in transit. Should any sign of damage be apparent, file a claim immediately with the carrier stating the extent of damage. Carefully check all shipping labels and tags for instructions before removing or destroying them.

2-2. LOCATION

The receiver is equipped with rubber mounting feet for table or shelf mounting. When locating the receiver, avoid excessively warm locations such as those near radiators and heating vents. Allow at least one inch of clearance between the back of the receiver and the wall for proper ventilation.

2-3. POWER SOURCE

The SX-99 receiver is designed to operate from a 105-125 volt, 50-60 cycle AC power source. The universal model, the SX-99U, is designed for operation from 110, 130, 150, 220, and 250 volt, 25-60 cycle AC sources. If in doubt about your power source, contact your local power company before plugging in the receiver.

CAUTION: The power selector switch on the SX-99U is located on the top of the power transformer and is accessible by opening the hinged top cover of the cabinet. This switch must be set to correspond with the voltage at the power outlet before plugging in the receiver. Failure to observe this precaution may result in serious damage.

2-4. ANTENNAS

The r-f input of the receiver is designed for operation from either a single-wire antenna, or a half-wave doublet or other tuned antenna with transmission line impedances from 52 to 600 ohms. Antenna connections are made to a three-terminal strip at the rear of the receiver marked "A1", "A2", and "G".

A. SINGLE WIRE ANTENNA

The simplest antenna and one which will provide satisfactory results throughout the entire tuning range is a conventional single-wire antenna. In most localities, good results can be obtained with just the 15-foot length of antenna wire supplied with the receiver. Simply attach one end of this wire to terminal "A1", connect the jumper link between terminals "A2" and "G", and then run the wire about the room in any convenient manner. (See Fig. 2.) If the receiver is operated in a steel constructed building or where receiving conditions are exceptionally poor, an outside antenna should be erected as high as possible and kept free from surrounding objects. In some locations, reception may be improved by connecting a ground wire (ordinary copper wire) from terminal "G" to a cold water pipe or outside ground rod. While the use of an outside ground rod installed in accordance with Insurance Underwriter's Laboratories requirements is adequate protection against lightning, we strongly recommend an additional connection to the nearest cold water pipe to eliminate any shock hazard.

B. HALF-WAVE DOUBLET ANTENNA

For top performance, especially on the shortwave and amateur bands, the use of a half-wave doublet or other type of antenna employing a 52 to 600-ohm transmission line is recommended. A typical doublet antenna installation is shown in Fig. 3. The doublet antenna should be cut to the proper length for the most used frequency or band of frequencies. The overall length in feet of a doublet antenna is determined by the following formula:

Length in feet = Frequency in megacycles

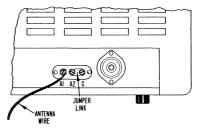
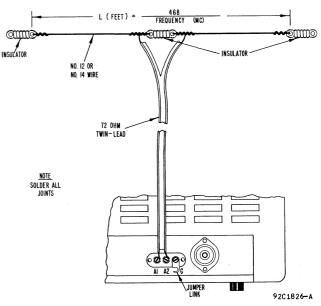


Fig. 2. Single Wire Antenna

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When erecting the doublet antenna, it should be remembered that it displays directional properties broadside to its length and should be so oriented with respect to a desired station for maximum signal pickup.

The doublet antenna may be fed with either a balanced or unbalanced transmission line. When a balanced transmission line such as "twin-lead" or a twisted pair is used, the transmission line connects to terminals "A1" and "A2", and the jumper link between terminals "A2" and "G" is disconnected. When using an unbalanced transmission line such as coaxial cable, the inner conductor connects to terminal "A1", the outer braid connects to terminal "A2", and the jumper link connects between terminals "A2" and "G". A ground wire may improve reception when using an unbalanced transmission line.

The doublet antenna provides optimum performance only at the frequency for which it is cut. Therefore, it may be desirable for reception on frequencies remote from the antenna frequency to utilize the antenna as a single wire type. This is accomplished by connecting the two transmission line leads together and connecting them to terminal "A1". The jumper link in this case should be connected between terminals "A2" and "G".

In an installation where the receiver is used in conjunction with a transmitter, it may be advantageous to use the same antenna for receiving as for transmitting. This is especially true when a directive antenna is used since the directive effects and power gain of the transmitting antenna are the same for receiving as for transmitting. Switching of the antenna from the transmitter to the receiver may be accomplished with a double-pole, double-throw antenna changeover relay or knife switch connected in the antenna leads.

For further information regarding antennas, refer to the "Radio Amateur's Handbook" or the "A.R.R.L. Antenna Book", both published by the American Radio Relay League, West Hartford, Conn., U.S.A.

2-5. SPEAKER CONNECTION

Three screw type terminals, marked 3.2, 500 and G, are provided on the rear apron of the chassis for connection to an external 3.2 or 500 ohm speaker. It is recommended that the Hallicrafters R-46 or R-46A speaker be employed.

2-6. HEADPHONES

The headphone jack, marked "Phones", is located on the front panel of the receiver and is wired so that the speaker is automatically disabled when the headphones are plugged in. The headphone output impedance is not critical and any commercial headphones may be used, including crystal types, as no direct current flows in the headphone circuit. For maximum headphone output, the use of high-impedance magnetic (5000 ohms) or crystal phones is recommended.

SECTION 3. OPERATION

Each control of your receiver performs a definite function which contributes to its outstanding reception capabilities. Full appreciation of the receiver is to be expected only after you have become familiar with each of the controls and the effect each control has on the performance of the receiver.

As a special convenience for those not yet familiar with the full advantages of the various controls, the control settings commonly used for broadcast reception are marked with a dot.

SENSITIVITY Control & AVC Switch — The Sensitivity control is used in combination with the Volume control to regulate the level of receiver output. The Automatic Volume Control circuit is turned "ON" when the Sensitivity control is set to its maximum clockwise position. The AVC switch has a definite "snap type" action and a click will be heard as the "AVC ON" position is reached.

The setting of the Sensitivity control determines the ability of the receiver to pick up weak or distant stations. This control is normally set to the "AVC ON" position when receiving AM signals and at some other position when receiving CW signals. Maximum sensitivity may be used while tuning across the frequency range but if the station selected has too strong a signal excessive background hiss or distortion may be present. If this undesirable effect is produced it can be greatly reduced by turning the Sensitivity control in the counterclockwise direction to a slightly lower setting. If after reducing the sensitivity more volume is needed advance the Volume control. When receiving CW signals a setting of the sensitivity control that is too high will be evidenced by "thumping" (overloading).

BAND SELECTOR Control — The Band Selector control should be set for the band you wish to tune. The four positions of this control correspond to the band numbers at the bottom of the left-hand or main tuning dial.

SELECTIVITY Control — Set this control to the "NORMAL" position. If a greater degree of selectivity is required to overcome noise or separate close signals turn this control to either of the crystal positions as required. It will then be necessary to adjust the Crystal Phasing control. See "USE OF CRYSTAL PHASING CONTROL" for details.

RECEPTION Switch — Set this switch at "AM" to listen to voice broadcasts. Set it at "CW" only if you wish to hear code signals.

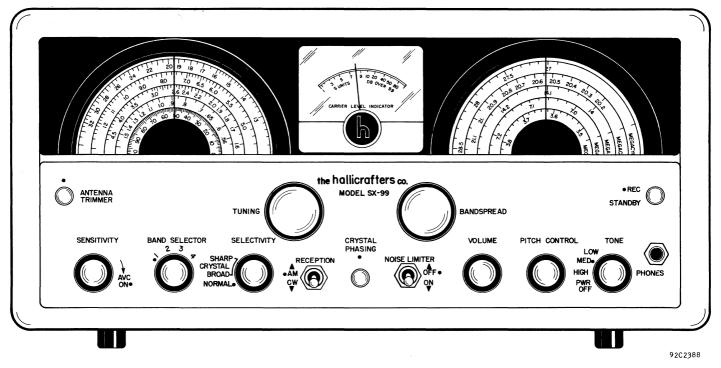


Fig. 4. Operating Controls

USE OF CRYSTAL PHASING CONTROL — This control permits the discrimination of interfering signals whose frequencies are very near the desired signal. To attain single signal reception, first set the SELECTIVITY control to either BROAD CRYSTAL or SHARP CRYSTAL. Choose a strong signal, preferably a commercial station because a commercial station is likely to remain on long enough for you to complete the phasing adjustment for single signal reception.

You will find on tuning across this signal that it has two amplitudes. Turn the CRYSTAL PHASING control until the weaker of the two amplitudes is reduced to a minimum. Then, tune to the stronger of the two amplitudes and adjust the PITCH control (for c-w reception) to a tone most pleasing to you. This adjustment for single signal selectivity will require no further adjustment unless you change the CRYSTAL PHASING control. See Fig. 5 for an illustration of single signal operation.

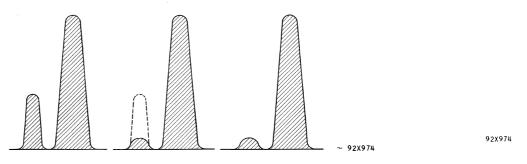


Fig. 5. Single Signal Operation

NOISE LIMITER Switch — This switch should normally be set at "OFF". If severe electrical disturbances, ignition noise, or other types of pulse-type noise interfere with reception, set the switch at "ON" to place the automatic noise limiter circuit in operation.

VOLUME Control — This control is used to regulate receiver volume. Clockwise rotation increases volume; counterclockwise rotation decreases volume.

PITCH Control — This control is used to vary the pitch of code signals and should be set for the tone most pleasing to the operator. For this control to have any effect, the RECEPTION switch must be set at "CW".

TONE Control — The Tone control is a combination receiver on-off switch and 3-position tone control. In the "PWR OFF" position, the receiver is inoperative. To turn the receiver on, simply rotate the control to any of its three remaining positions. For AM reception, set the control for the desired tonal quality. For CW reception, set the control at "LOW".

ANTENNA TRIMMER Control — The Antenna Trimmer control permits tuning of the antenna to provide the best possible reception. Antenna tuning is desirable as the electrical characteristics of any antenna system will vary somewhat over the wide range of frequencies that may be tuned by this receiver. When the receiver is placed in operation this control should be set for maximum signal as indicated on the "S" meter and thereafter may be used as the final tuning adjustment when changing stations.

TUNING and BANDSPREAD Controls — The Tuning and Bandspread controls are used in conjunction with one another to tune in the desired signal. Wide tuning is performed with the Tuning control and fine tuning with the Bandspread control.

Main Tuning Dial. The main tuning or left-hand dial is operated by the Tuning control. This dial has four calibrated scales, one for each of the four frequency bands covered by the receiver. It also contains a 100-division logging scale for accurately logging and relocating stations of special interest. The main tuning dial should be set for the desired station frequency after the Bandspread control has been set fully clockwise (minimum bandspread tuning capacity).

IMPORTANT: The receiver frequency readings or calibration on the main tuning dial will be correct only if the Bandspread control has been set fully clockwise. If it is set at any other setting, the additional bandspread capacity added to the main tuning capacity will throw off the main tuning dial calibration because the receiver has been calibrated with the bandspread tuning capacitor set at minimum.

The dial settings for the 80, 40, 20, 15, and 11-10 meter amateur bands are indicated on the main tuning dial by white dots. When tuning the amateur bands with the bandspread dial, the main tuning dial must be set at the dot corresponding to the desired amateur band. The 160 meter amateur band is indicated on the dial by three short double-weight lines.

Bandspread Dial. The bandspread or right-hand dial is operated by the Bandspread control. This dial contains, five scales calibrated for the 80, 40, 20, 15, and 11-10 meter amateur bands. These five scales are calibrated to read receiver frequency directly when the main tuning dial has been set to the index dot of the desired amateur band. For convenience in tuning, the AM phone bands are indicated on the bandspread dial by double-weight lines.

In addition to its use on the amateur bands, the bandspread dial may also be utilized as a fine tuning adjustment over any portion of the receiver tuning range. Two methods of fine tuning are described below.

a. The first method of fine tuning is used when it is desired to tune in a single signal with precision accuracy. First the Bandspread control is set a few degrees from its full clockwise position, then the desired signal is located with the Tuning control, and finally the signal is accurately tuned in by "rocking" the Bandspread control (turning it slightly to the left and right) until the signal is loudest and clearest.

b. The second method of fine tuning is used when it is desired to tune through a group of signals. With the Bandspread control set fully clockwise, adjust the Tuning control to tune in the highest-frequency signal in the group. The other signals can then be heard by slowly turning the Bandspread control in a counterclockwise direction.

STANDBY-REC Switch — This switch, normally set at "REC", permits you to silence the receiver without turning it off. To silence the receiver, set the switch at "STANDBY". In this position, the r-f and i-f stages are cut off but the tube heaters remain at operating temperature for instant use. To resume reception at any time, simply return the switch to the "REC" position.

USE OF THE "S" METER — The "S" meter is normally useful only when the Sensitivity control is set to the "AVC ON" position. Sharp accurate tuning can be easily accomplished by carefully observing the meter and tuning for maximum indication. The meter is calibrated in "S" units and db over S-9. The calibration serves as a method of comparing the relative strength of received signals.

SERVICE OR OPERATING QUESTIONS — For any further information regarding operation or servicing of your receiver, contact your Hallicrafters dealer. The Hallicrafters Co. maintains an extensive system of authorized service centers where any required service will be performed promptly and efficiently at a nominal charge. All Hallicrafters Authorized Service Centers display the sign shown at the right. For the location of the one nearest you, consult your dealer or telephone directory.

The Hallicrafters Co. reserves the privilege of making revisions in current production of equipment and assumes no obligation to incorporate these revisions in earlier models.



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SECTION 4. SERVICE DATA

4-1. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

TUBES: Eight including rectifier
HEADPHONE OUTPUT: High impedance
(See Par. 2-6, Page 4)
ANTENNA INPUT: For single wire or 52-600
ohm balanced or unbalanced line.
POWER SOURCE:
Model SX-99 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles AC
Model SX-99U100-250 volts, 25-60 cycles AC
POWER CONSUMPTION:
RECEPTION:
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY:
AUDIO OUTPUT IMPEDANCE Matches 3.2 ohms
or 500 ohms
DIMENSIONS 18 $3/4$ " wide x 10 $3/4$ " deep x 9" high
WEIGHT, Net
WEIGHT, Shipping 32 lbs.

FREQUENCY COVERAGE

Band	Frequency Range	Calibrated Band Spread		
1	.538 - 1.6 MC	-		
2	1.55 - 4.6 MC	80M		
3	4.6 - 13.0 MC	40M		
4	12.0 - 34.0 MC	20, 15, and 11-10M		

4-2. TUBE and DIAL LAMP REPLACEMENT

To gain access to the tubes and dial lamos, raise the hinged top cover of the cabinet. The tube locations, as well as their functions, are shown in Fig. 7.

4-3. CHASSIS REMOVAL

The chassis and front panel assembly are removable from the cabinet as a unit by removing the two screws at each side of the front panel and the six screws on the underside of the cabinet. When removing the chassis from the cabinet, care should be taken not to damage the brass adjusting screws on the oscillator slugs (L-7-8-9-10). Refer to Figure 8 for location.

4-4. "S" METER ADJUSTMENTS

MECHANICAL ADJ. - Turn the receiver "OFF". Directly below the "S" meter on the front panel is a round metal medallion that is pivoted so that it may be rotated to provide access to the "S" meter adjusting screw. Carefully rotate this adjustment until the pointer is in line with the right index mark on the dial scale.

ELECTRICAL ADJ: -

1. Short the antenna terminals to the chassis.

- 2. Set the RECEIVE/STANDBY at "RECEIVE", RECEP-TION switch at "AM". SENSITIVITY switch fully clockwise (AVC ON) position, and the NOISE LIMITER switch at "OFF".
- 3. Turn the receiver on and turn the "S" meter adjustment, that is located on the rear apron of the chassis (see fig. 7), until the pointer indicates zero.

4-5. DIAL CORD RESTRINGING

To restring the tuning or bandspread dials, first remove the front panel from the cabinet by removing the control knobs, the two toggle switches and the Phones jack and sensitivity control mounting nuts, the two screws at each side of the front panel, and the three screws on the underside of the front panel. Then remove the tuning dials to gain access to the drive pulleys. For stringing details, refer to Fig. 6. Note that stringing is done with the tuning and bandspread gangs fully meshed. After stringing is completed, cut off the excess dial cord and apply a drop of quick drying cement to the knots.

With the tuning and bandspread gangs fully meshed, replace the dials so that the index marks at the low frequency end of the dial are in line with the hairline on the dial window.

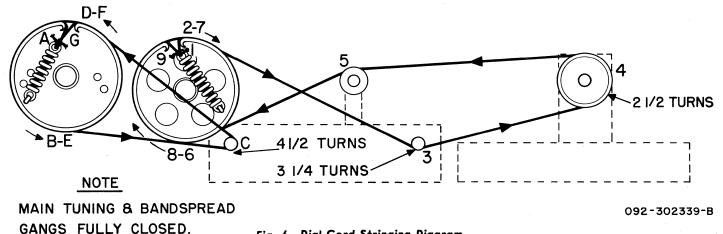


Fig. 6. Dial Cord Stringing Diagram

SECTION 5. ALIGNMENT

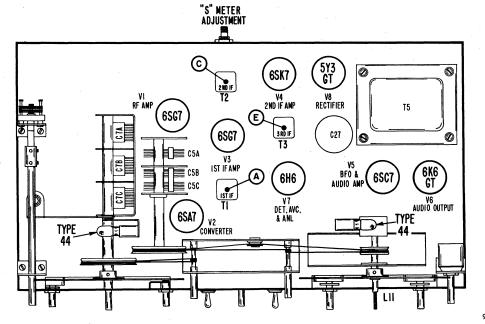
This receiver has been carefully aligned at the factory by specially trained personnel using precision equipment. Alignment of the receiver should not be attempted until all other possible causes of faulty operation have been investigated. Alignment should not be required unless the receiver has been tampered with or component parts have been replaced in the r-f or i-f stages. Alignment should only be made by persons familiar with communications receivers and experienced in their alignment. Refer to Figs. 7 and 8 for location of all alignment adjustments.

5-1. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- 1. Signal generator covering 455 KC to 28 MC.
- 2. Output meter (or AC scale of VTVM). Connect meter from 500 ohm speaker terminal to ground.
- 3. Non-metallic alignment tool.
- 4. Standard RTMA dummy antenna shown in Fig. 9.
- 5. 0.02 mfd. capacitor

5-2. INITIAL CONTROL SETTINGS

Sensitivity Maximum but with AVC off
Volume Maximum
Noise Limiter Off
Standby-Receive Receive
Tone High
Other controls to be set as indicated by the alignment chart.



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Fig. 7. Top View of Chassis Showing Tube Locations and Alignment Adjustments

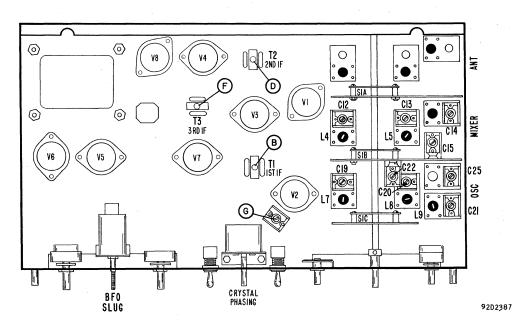


Fig. 8. Bottom View of Chassis Showing Tube Locations and Alignment Adjustments

			5-3	3. ALIGNMENT P	CCEDURE				
•	The local oscillator frequency i bands 1, 2, and 3, and lower tha RF alignment can be made with of cabinet provide access in all For IF alignment, remove chass Use just enough generator output ing on the output meter	n the signal fr chassis in cab RF adjustmen sis from cabin	eque oinet. ts. et.	ncy on band 4. Holes in bottom		200MI	400 40 MMP 40	92A1549 my Antenna	
				IF ALIGNMEN	IT	rig. 7.	KIMA DUN	my Antenny	
Step	Signal Generator Coupling	Signal Gen. Frequency		Receiver Control Settings	Receiv Dial Sett		Adjust	Remarks	
*1	Connect gen. to stator of gang (center section) through a .02 mfd. capacitor.	No Modu- lation	SELI BRC	D SELECTOR at 2. ECTIVITY SWITCH at DAD CRYSTAL, RE- TION switch at CW.	logging scale	gging scale ndspread: 30 on		Remove PITCH control knob and set shaft for a zero beat. Do not replace knob.	
*2	Same as Step 1	(approx.)	100	st PITCH for a 400- 0 cycle note. Other rols same as Step 1.	Same as Step	p1 A		While turning the slug very slowly in one direction, slowly "rock" the signal generator. As the adjustment passes through the response of the crystal fil-	
*NOTE	: The crystal filter I-F transform to the frequency of the crystal, frequency between 450 to 460 KG generator will not meet this rec signal generator is available. S ator is used.	A signal gene C is required t quirement, DO	erator to ma	r which may be accurate ke this adjustment. Sin I attempt to make this	ly set to within ce the average adjustment un	.25 KC of service s less a sui	f any ignal table	ter, the output goes through a maximum, dips down, and starts going up again. The correct setting of this slug is in the center of the observed dip. A swishing note, in contrast to the sharp crystal tone will be ap- parent when the correct adjust- ment has been reached.	
3	Same as Step 1	Frequency	SHAI	ECTIVITY SWITCH at RP CRYSTAL. Other rols same as Step 1.	Same as Step	1 Signal Gener- ator		Adjust the generator frequency for maximum output. This will be the exact frequency of the crystal. A slight reduction in output will be noted when switching from BROAD to SHARP CRYSTAL.	
4	Same as Step 1	Same as Step 3	Same	e as Step 1	Same as Step	s Step 1 BFO slu			
5	Same as Step 1	Same as Step 3 (Modula- ted)	NOR swit	ECTIVITY SWITCH at MAL, RECEPTION ch at AM. Other con- s same as Step 1.	Same as Step 1 B C D E F G		C D E F	Maximum output Maximum output Maximum output Maximum output Maximum output Maximum output Repeat above steps for maxi- mum gain.	
	Autority (1997)		R-F,	MIXER, & OSCILLATOR	ALIGNMENT				
The fo OFF,	ollowing adjustments are made wi SELECTIVITY switch at NORMAL	th VOLUME, 7 L, and RECEP	FONE TION	c, and SENSITIVITY cont switch at AM. Refer to	rols fully clock Fig. 8 for loca	wise, but ition of all	with AVC of adjustment	off, NOISE LIMITER switch at ts.	
Step	Signal Generator			Receiver Dial Settings	Band Selector Setting Band		Adjust	Remarks	
-	High side thru RTMA dummy antenna (Fig. 9) to antenna terminal "A1"; low side to "A2". Jumper between "A2" and "G".			Tuning: 28.0 MC Bandspread: 30 on Outer scale.	4	C19 (osc. trimmer) C12 (mixer trimmer)		Adjust for maximum output	
6	and G.			Tuning:14.0 MCBandspread:30 onOuter Scale	4	L7 (osc. L4 (mixe	slug). er slug)	Same as Step 6	
-	7 Same as Step 6			Tuning:11.0 MCBandspread:30 onOuter Scale	3	C20 (osc. trimmer), C13 (mixer trimmer)		Same as Step 6	
7				Tuning:5.1 MCBandspread:30 onOuter Scale	3	L8 (osc. slug), L5 (mixer slug)		Same as Step 6	
8	8 Same as Step 6			Tuning: 4.0 MC Bandspread: 30 on Outer Scale	2	C14 (mixe	trimmer), er trimmer	•)	
				Tuning:1.8 MCBandspread:30 onOuter Scale	2	L9 (osc. slug)		Same as Step 6.	
	Same as Stan 6			Tuning: 1.4 MC Bandspread: 30 on Outer Scale	1		trimmer), er trimmer	Same as Step 6	

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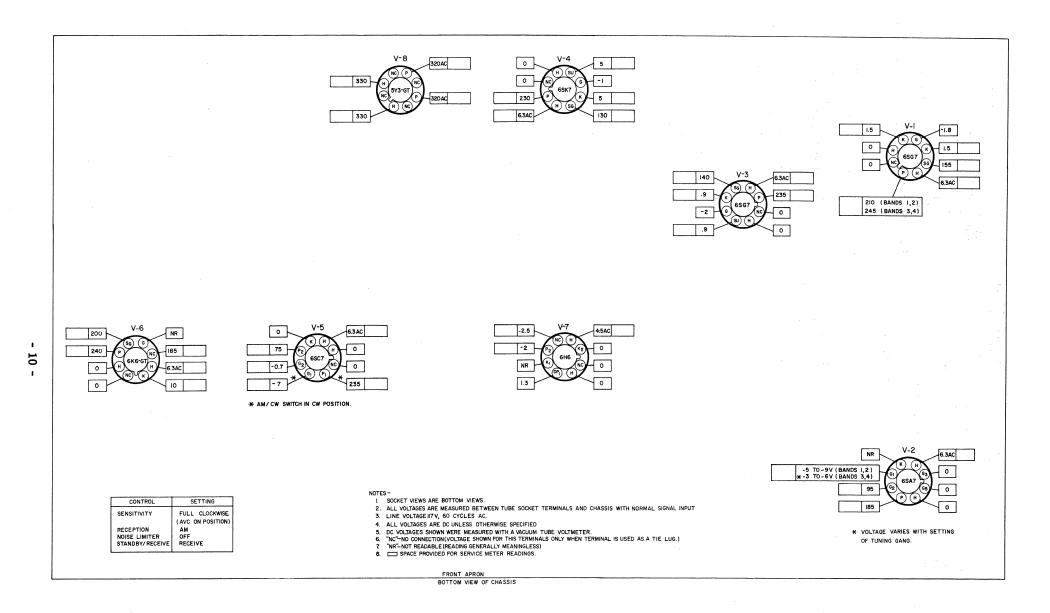
C25 (osc. padder)

Same as Step 6.

Tuning: .6 MC Bandspread: 30 on Outer Scale

9

Same as Step 6

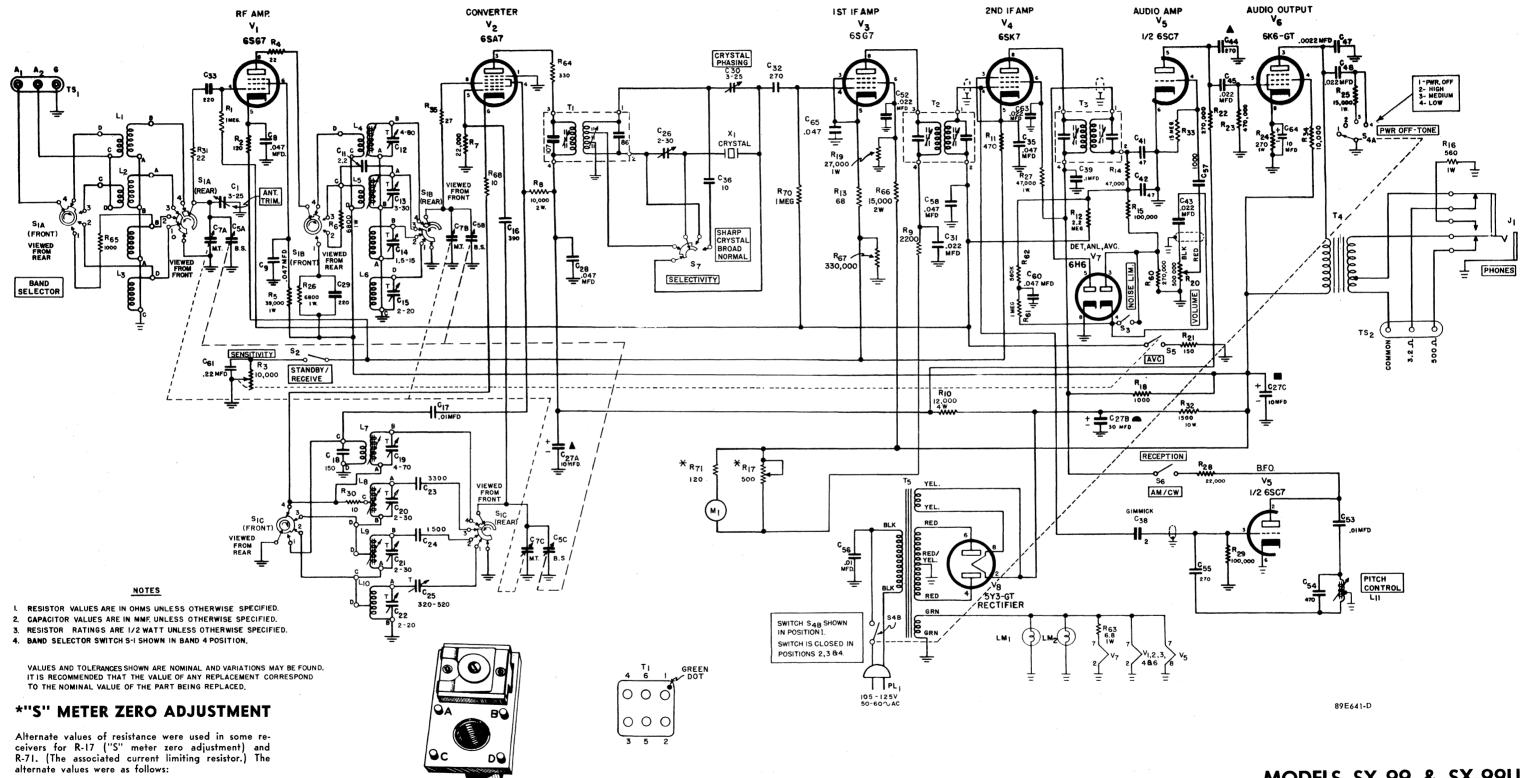


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SERVICE PARTS LISTS

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Schen dic Symbol	Description	Hallicrafters Part Number	Schematic Symbol	Description	Hallicrafters Part Number	Schematic Symbol	Description	Hallicrafters Part Number
	CAPACITORS			*RESISTORS (CON'T.)			SWITCHES (CON'T.)	
C-1		A.	R-9	2. 2K ohms	451-252222	S-5	Switch, AVC, part of R-3	
C-5	Antenna Trimmer Control Variable capacitor, 3	048-100182	R-10 R-11	12K ohms, 4 Watts WW 470 ohms	024-101062 451-252471	S-6 S-7	Switch, spst toggle; BFO Switch, Selectivity	060-100138 060-200681
	section; bandspread tuning (pulley included)	048-300342	R-12 R-13	2. 2 megohms 20% 68 ohms	451-253225 451-252680		Shaft, Bandswitch and Index plate	060-200392
C-7	Variable capacitor, 3	040-300342	R-14	47K ohms 20%	451-253473			
	section; main tuning (pulley included)	048-300341	R-15, 29 R-16	100K ohms 20% 560 ohms 10% 1W	451-253104 451-352561		JACKS, PLUGS, AND SOCK	ETS
C-8, 35, 58 60, 65	, 0.047 mfd., 20%, 200V.; molded paper	499-014473	R-17	500 ohms, variable; "S" meter adjustment	025-300022	J-1 PL-1	Jack, Phone Line cord and plug	036-200048
C-9, 28	0. 047 mfd., 20%, 600V.,		R-18, 65	1K ohm	451-252102	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	assembly	087-100078
C-10	molded paper 22 mmf., 20% 500V.;	499-034473	R-19 R-20	27K ohms, 10%, 1W 500K ohms, variable;	451-352273		Socket, dial lamp (with lead)	086-200049
C-11	ceramic 2.2 mmf., neutralizing	491-107220-95 047-100160-04	R-21	Volume Control 150 ohms 20%	025-100534 451-253151		Socket, tube; octal Socket, octal	006-100250 006-200315
C-12	4-80 mmf., mica trimmer	044-100395	R-22, 60	270K ohms	451-252274			
C-13 C-14	3-30 mmf., mica trimmer 1.5-15 mmf., mica	044-100396	R-23 R-24	470K ohms 20% 270 ohms, 10%, 1 Watt	451-253474 451-352271	. · ·	TUBES AND DIAL LAMPS	6
C-15, 22	trimmer 2-20 mmf., mica	044-200147	R-25 R-27	15K ohms, 20%, 1 Watt 47K ohms, 10%, 1 Watt	451-353153 451-352473	V-1 V-2	6SG7; RF amplifier 6SA7; converter	090-901181 090-901180
	trimmer	044-100191	R-28	22K ohms, 20%	451-253223	V-3	6SG7; 1st I-F amplifier	090-901181
C-16	390 mmf., 10% 500V.; mica	470-213391	R-30, 68 R-32	10 ohms 20% 1. 5K ohms, 10%, 10 Watts	451-253100	V-4 V-5	6SK7; 2nd I-F amplifier 6SC7; BFOand audio	090-901233
C-17, 53, 56	0.01 mfd. 600V.; molded paper	499-034103	R-33	wirewound 15 megohms 20%	453-062152 451-253156	V-6	amplifier 6K6GT; audio output	090-900874 090-9008 56
C-18	150 mmf., 5% 500V.;		R-34	10K ohms, 20%	451-253103	V-7	6H6; detector, ANL and	
C-19	molded mica 4-70 mmf., mica	470-222151	R-35 R-62	27 ohms 560K ohms	451-252270 451-252561	V-8	AVC 5Y3GT; rectifier	090-900847 090-901111
C-20, 21	trimmer 2-30 mmf., mica	044-100149	R-63 R-64	6.8 ohms, 10%, 1 Watt 330 ohms	451-352068 451-252331	LM-1-2	Lamp, dial; type 44	039-100003
C-23	trimmer 3300 mmf., 5%, 500V.;	044-100148	R-66	15K ohms, 10%, 2 Watts	451 - 552153		MISCELLANEOUS	
	molded mica	470-422332	R-67	330K ohms	451-252334		Cabinet bottom section	066-401074
C-24	1500 mmf., 2%, 500V.; mica	470-421152	*All resiste otherwise s	ors are 10% , $1/2$ watt, carb mecified.	on type unless		Cabinet top cover Cabinet front panel	066-401110
C-25	320-520 mmf.; mica padder	044-100394		* COILS AND TRANSFORM	FDG		(Mark 1B & 1C only)	068-500378
C-26	2-30 mmf.; Crystal I-F				LRS		Cabinet front panel (Mark 1D only)	068-500614
C-27	trimmer 30-10-10 mfd. 450V.;	044-100047	L-1, C-1	Coil, antenna Band 4	051-201939		Clip, mtg.; for T-1, T-2, and T-3	076-100385
C-29, 33	electrolytic 220 mmf, 10%, 500V.;	045-100062	L-2, C-2 L-3, C-3	Band 3 Bands 1 and 2	051-201938 051-201937	X-1	Crystal (455 KC) Dial cord (specify length)	019-100123 038-100026
	mica	470-213221	ш-0, С-0		001-201851		Dial, bandspread	083-400489
C-30	3-25 mmf.; Crystal phasing trimmer	048-100351	L-4, C-12	Coil, mixer Band 4	051-201905		Dial, tuning Foot, mounting-rubber	083-400488 016-100007
C-31, 43, 45, 48, 63	0. 022 mfd. 20%, 600V.; molded paper	499-034223	L-5, C-13 L-6, C-14	Band 3 Bands 1 and 2	051-201906 051-201904		Grommet, rubber tuning gang front mtg.	016-100034
C-32, 44,	270 mmf., 10%, 500V.;		,				tuning gang rear mtg.	016-100014
55 C-36	mica 10 mmf, 10%, 500V.;	470-213271	L-7, C-19	Coil, oscillator Band 4	051-201900		Knob, Band Selector, Selectivity, Pwr. Off-	
C-38	ceramic 2 mmf. ; wire gimmick	491-006100-95	L-8, C-20 L-9, C-21	Band 3 Band 2	051-201899 051-201898		Tone, Sensitivity, and Volume	01 5- 2007 91
C-39	0.1 mfd. 20%, 600V.; molded paper	499-034104	L-10, C-25		051-201897		Knob, Pitch Control	015-200788
C-41, 42	47 mmf, 20%, 500V.;		L-11	Coil, BFO	054-200051		Knob, Tuning and Bandspread	015-200802
C-47	mica 0. 0022 mfd., 20%, 1000V	470-214470	T-1 T-2	Transformer, 1st Crystal Transformer, 2nd I-F	050-000656 050-000657		Knob, Standby-Receive, Crystal Phasing,	
C-52	molded paper 0. 02 mfd., +80-20%	499-044222	T-3	Transformer, I-F; detector stage	050-300242		Antenna Trimmer Lock, Line cord	015-200835
	500V.; ceramic disc	047-100242	т-4	Transformer, audio			male section	076-100397-01
C-54	470 mmf., 5%, 500V.; mica	470-212471	T-5	output Transformer, power	055-200265		female section Pulley, 1-1/8" string	076-100397-02
C-57	0.001 mfd. 10%, 500V.; mica	470-213102		for Model SX-99 for Model SX-99U	052-100209 052-300210	M-1	dia. "S" meter assembly	028-100200
C-61	0. 22 mfd., 20% 200V.;		**(1+1-1				complete	082-000283
C-64	molded paper 10 mfd., 25V.;	499-014224	trimmer ca	4 thru L-10 are supplied com spacitor. Trimmers are also			"S' meter front cover only, clear plastic	082-302612
	electrolytic	045-100121	separately.	See "Capacitors".			"S" meter medallion, "h" only	007-100592
	*RESISTORS			SWITCHES			Snap-in trimount Spacer, bakelite; .156 id,	005-100006
R-1, 61,	1 megohm, 20%	451-253105	S-1	Switch wafer, Band Selecto			1/2" od, 1/4" th.	008-100723
70 R 2, 71	120 ohms	451-252121	S-1A S-1B	antenna stage mixer stage	060-200389 062-200039	TS-1 TS-2	Terminal strip, antenna Terminal strip, audio	088-100032
R-3	10K ohms, variable; Sensitivity control	025-200607	S-1C S-2	oscillator stage Switch, Rotary;	062-200044		output Tuning slug for mixer,	088-100578
R-4, 31	22 ohms, 20%	451-253220		Standby-Receive	060-200682		and oscillator coils	077-100068
R-5 R-6, 26	39K ohms, 10%, 1 Watt 6.8K ohms, 10%, 1 Watt	451-352393 451-352682	S-3	Switch, SPST toggle, Noise Limiter	060-100689		Washer, spring type; 3/16" id, 3/8" od	004-101557
R-7 R-8	22K ohms 10K ohms, 10% 2 Watts	451-252223 451-552103	S-4	Switch, rotary; Pwr Off-Tone	060-100225		Window, bandspread dial (Mark 1B and 1C Only)	022-200432
							Window, bandspread dial (Mark 1D Only)	022-200565
							Window, main tuning	
							dial	022-200562



REPRESENTS COILS LI TO LIO

SYMBOL	VALUE	HALLICRAFTERS PART NUMBER
R-17 R-71		

Either the alternate values or the original values as shown in your service parts list may be used for replacement. It is important however that if one of the alternate values is used the other must also be used. MODELS SX-99 & SX-99U Mark 1B, 1C & 1D

Warranty

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"The Hallicrafter's Company warrants each new radio product manufactured by it to be free from defective material and workmanship and agrees to remedy any such defect or to furnish a new part in exchange for any part of any unit of its manufacture which under normal installation, use and service discloses such defect, provided the unit is delivered by the owner to our authorized radio dealer, wholesaler, from whom purchased, or, authorized service center, intact, for examination, with all transportation charges prepaid within ninety days from the date of sale to original purchaser and provided that such examination discloses in our judgment that it is thus defective.

This warranty does not extend to any of our radio products which have been subjected to misuse, neglect, accident, incorrect wiring not our own, improper installation, or to use in violation of instructions furnished by us, nor extend to units which have been repaired or altered outside of our factory or authorized service center, nor to cases where the serial number thereof has been removed, defaced or changed, nor to accessories used therewith not of our own manufacture.

Any part of a unit approved for remedy or exchange hereunder will be remedied or exchanged by the authorized radio dealer or wholesaler without charge to the owner.

This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties expressed or implied and no representative or person is authorized to assume for us any other liability in connection with the sale of our radio products."

Form No. 94X622

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